

## Chapter Five: Externalities (73 - 105)

### The Nature of Externalities (74)

#### Extended discussion on demand changes and externalities

Example of change demand for urban property

Example of technological improvement

“the Pareto Set”

Example of pollution on a river

### Points about Externalities

#### Consumers can cause them as well as producers causing them

My wife (erroneously) claims my pipe causes a negative externality

#### Externalities are reciprocal in Nature

Fishermen as polluters

It depends on the costs of alternatives

#### Externalities can be positive

Vaccines and “public health”

#### Public Goods as a special case of externality

I paint my house, and it increases my neighbor’s property values

It is so nice, it becomes a national landmark....

If a few people effected, externality – if many/all, a public good

### Graphic Analysis of Externalities

Graph Pollution

MB to polluter

MPC to polluter, MD (marginal damage) to consumer,

MSC = Marginal social cost (MPC + MD)

Calculating the polluter’s benefits and consumer’s losses...

Implications

In this example, we are in a Pareto-sub-optimal stable equilibrium

We are producing too much Q

And voluntary exchange will not fix the problem (see Coase)

Some pollution is optimal

Eliminating all pollution would not be optimal...

### Some Empirics of Pollution

Study of TSP (total suspended particles – smog or haze)

Chay and Greenstone using 1980-82 as natural experiment

(2001 replication study)

What about mixed cases (MTBE as a gasoline additive)

*How about DDT (dioxin)*

What activities produce pollution? It turns out, most of them....

*Greenhouse gases (methane, Carbon dioxide (from 290 to 450 PPM)*

What is the value of damage done?

Measuring marginal willingness to pay

What people say they would pay

What people are willing to pay

Chay and Greenstone 2005 – TSP and housing prices

Again found a (statistically) significant effect 45 billion over 10 years

## **Private Responses**

### **Bargaining and the Coase Theorem**

Graphical Example....

Numeric Example of the Coase theorem

### **Book Example – Elephants and Hunting/Ivory bans**

### **Mergers (internalizing the externality) – the reciprocal claimant**

### **Social conventions**

“Litterbugs” -- Green policies -- Do unto others.....

## **Public Responses to Externalities: Taxes and Subsidies (84)**

### **Taxes**

The Pigovian Tax

Graphing out a Pigovian Tax

The problem of estimating.....

*The problem of distributing tax revenue....*

### **Subsidies**

#### **The Pigovian Subsidy**

**When you pay somebody to stop polluting**

**U.S. farm policies**

## **Public Responses to Externalities: Emissions Fees and Cap-and-Trade Programs (87)**

### **Emissions Fees**

**Similar to a pigovian tax, except it is leveled on each unit of pollution**

**Rather than each unit of output**

**Allows for (encourages) better technology/techniques**

### **Cap-and-Trade**

**Emissions fees vs. Cap-and-Trade**

**Command-and-Control Regulations**

**The U.S. Response (99)**  
**Progress with Incentive-Based Approaches**

**Implications for Income Distribution (101)**  
**Who Benefits**  
**Who Bears the Cost**

**Positive Externalities (102)**  
**A Cautionary Note**

**Summary**  
**Problems**